FY2022 County Budget

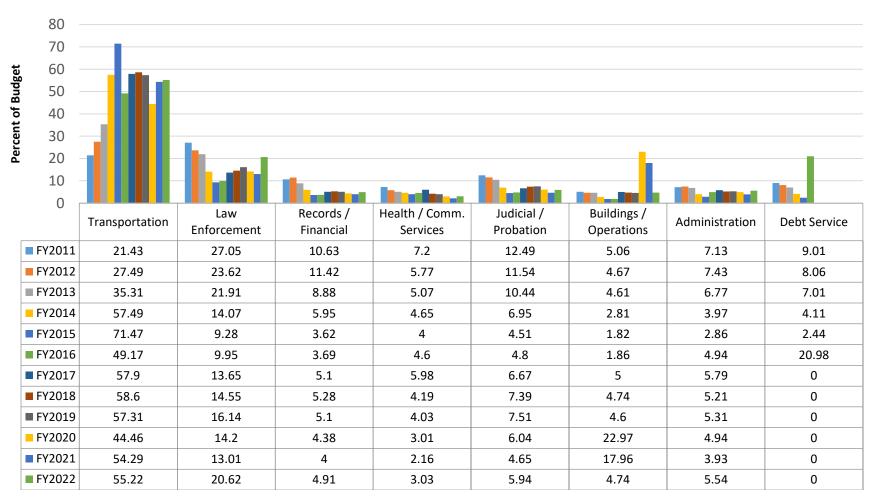
DeWitt County, Texas

FY2022 Budget Policies

Public Hearing held on August 23, 2021 at 9:00 A.M. in the County Courtroom

- Appropriate \$24 million for road construction in all four precincts. Projects will be funded through the remainder of the \$6.1 million grant from the County Transportation Infrastructure Fund (CTIF), oil and gas royalties received from HB2521, and local tax dollars
- Appropriate funds for final construction costs, startup costs, moving expenses, and occupancy of the 2021 County Annex building
- Appropriate funds for significant repairs to the Weber Annex roof and office upgrades
- Repair the courthouse basement and renovate vacated offices for other judicial purposes
- Appropriate funds toward the preservation of the Bates-Sheppard Home (site of the DeWitt County Historical Museum)
- Purchase 100 acres from the Texas Department of Criminal Justice
- Hire additional jail staff to answer concerns of the Texas Department of Jail Standards and an Information Technology Support Specialist
- Limit salary increases to an hourly rate adjustment based on longevity of qualifying employees and promotions in rank within the Sheriff's Office while maintaining a respectable employee benefit package
- Maintain healthy fund balances in order to sustain the existing level of constituent services and ongoing capital improvement plans in the road and bridge departments
- Avoid issuing debt financed by an unpredictable mineral component of the tax base

Appropriation by General Category of Expenditure = \$38,798,667 (includes \$3.7 million remainder of CTIF Grant funding)



Eagle Ford Shale Era Road and Bridge appropriation by precinct

Expressed in Millions; Includes CTIF Grant Allocation



■ FY2011 ■ FY2012 ■ FY2013 ■ FY2014 ■ FY2015 ■ FY2016 ■ FY2017 ■ FY2018 ■ FY2019 ■ FY2020 ■ FY2021 ■ FY2022

FY2022 Tax Policy

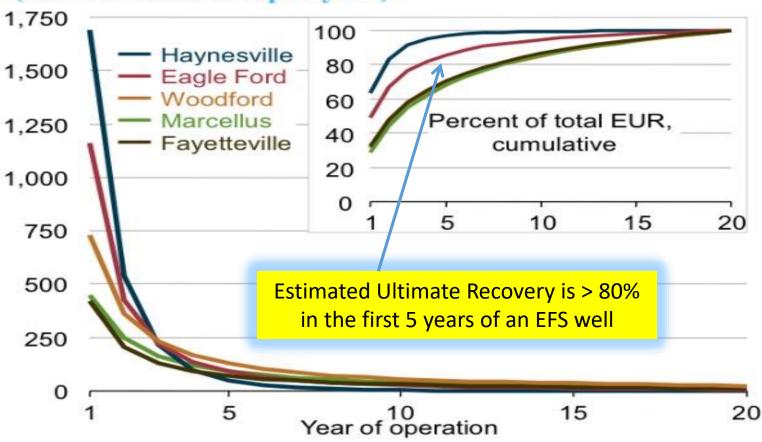
Hearing held in conjunction with County Budget Hearing on August 23, 2021 at 9:00 A.M. in the County Courtroom

- The No New Revenue Tax Rate and the Voter Approved Tax Rate were considered and rejected because they were higher than the 2020 Tax Rate.
- The adopted tax rate accurately addresses the needs of the county.
- The adopted tax rate is the same tax rate used in the previous eight years and, therefore, is not disruptive to private-sector businesses or family budgets while the local economy is weakened due to COVID-19
- Note about property appraisal: The DeWitt County Central Appraisal District is a subdivision of the State of Texas and governed by the Tax Code under the jurisdiction of the Comptroller of Public Accounts.
- **Note about tax assessment:** The tax rates adopted by other jurisdictions are a function of the governing bodies of those jurisdictions.
- Note about tax collection: DeWitt County collects the tax levy for other
 jurisdictions within the county and distributes the revenue back to those
 jurisdictions according to agreements to provide this service for a small fee.

The Basis of Tax Policy:

Mineral values are volatile and decline rapidly

Figure 54. Average production profiles for shale gas wells in major U.S. shale plays by years of operation (million cubic feet per year)

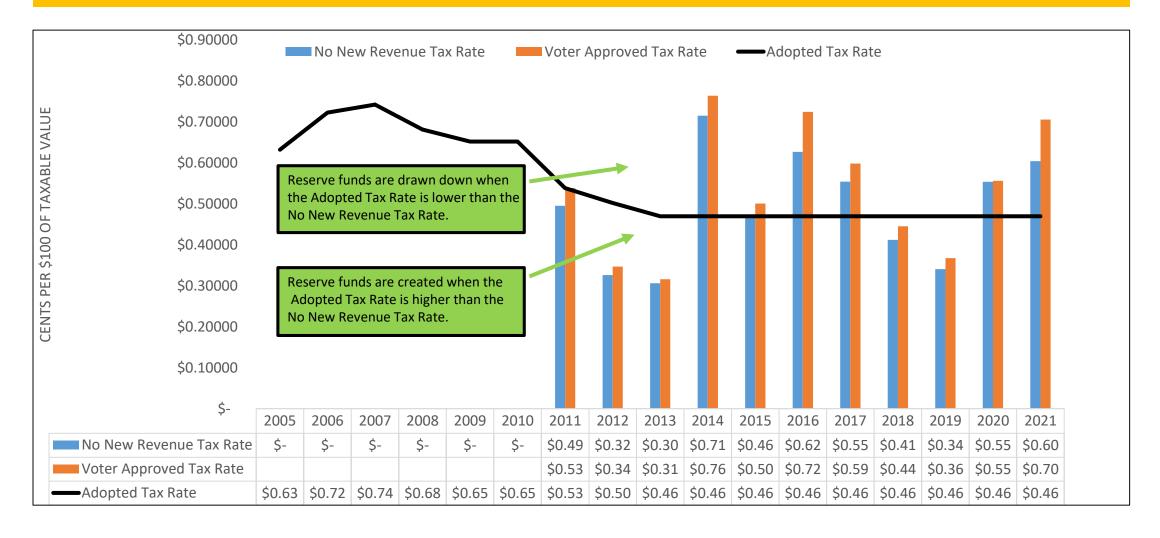


Comparison of Tax Rates \$100,000 property with NO CHANGE in appraised value

Current Tax Rate is .46937	No New Revenue Tax Rate is .60384 = no loss in tax revenue	No New Revenue Tax Rate impact over previous year's tax bill	Voter Approved Tax Rate is .70553 = 3.5% more revenue than current year + 8 pennies that were available last year and not used	Voter Approved Tax Rate impact over previous year's tax bill
\$469.37	\$603.84		\$705.53	
No Change	\$ 134.47 increase	+ 28.65 percent	\$ 236.16 increase	+ 50.3 percent

Property appraisals are performed by the DeWitt County Central Appraisal District, a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The County of DeWitt does not appraise or assign value to any property in the county.

Historical Tax Rate Calculations and Adopted Rates

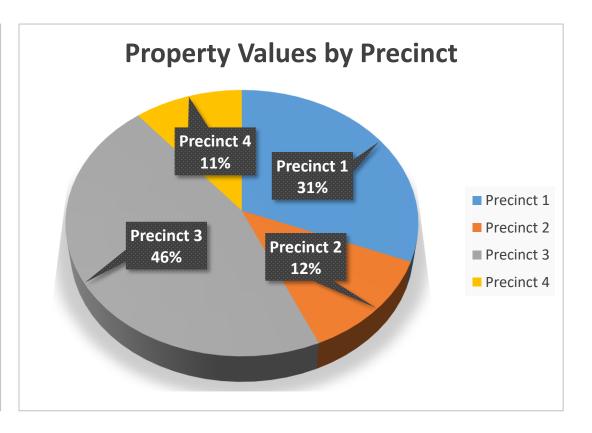


Certified Appraised Values decreased by \$1.2 billion (-18.50 %) in 2021 Tax Revenue decline = \$5,532,835 (-21.93 percent)

\$ 4,460,167,758 Net Taxable Value

General Categories of Taxable Property Real Property Land and Improvements, Personal Property (Net) Frozen Homesteads (Age 65 and Disabled) Operating Company Mineral Values (Estimated)

\$ 4,460,167,758 Net Taxable Value

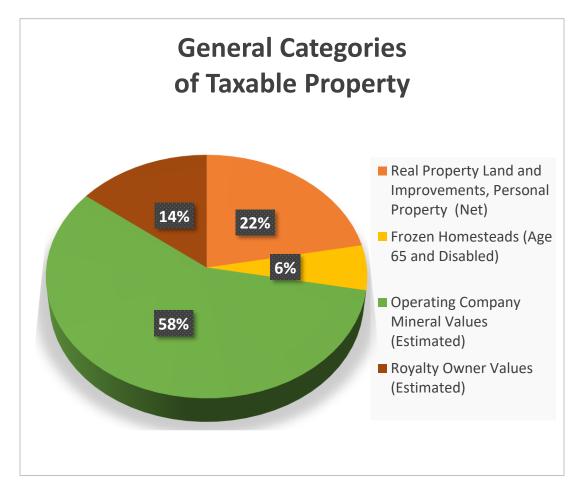


■ Royalty Owner Values

(Estimated)

Distribution by Category of Taxpayer (each Penny of tax rate raises \$419,390 of tax revenue)

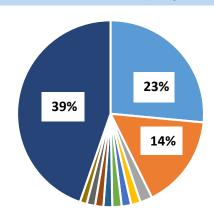
- \$ 243,246 is levied upon Operating Company Mineral Values (58%)
- \$ 58,715 is levied upon Royalty Owner Mineral Values (14% estimated 80/20)
- \$ 92,266 is levied upon agricultural, commercial, and residential Real Property and Improvements, and Personal Property (22%)
- \$ 795,489 is the tax ceiling levied upon \$266,267,353 of property owned by persons with the Frozen Homestead exemption (6% of tax base). This translates to an equivalent tax rate of .29875 per \$100



2021 Top 10 Mineral Owners

Mineral Owner		2021 Value	
Burlington/ConocoPhillips		850,897,900	
Devon Energy Production Co. LP		520,878,590	
Ensign Operating, LLC		67,964,830	
Verdun Oil & Gas, LLC		53,018,470	
Enterprise Texas Pipeline		52,223,550	
EFS Midstream, LLC		52,171,320	
Kinder Morgan Crude LLC		48,984,230	
EOG Resources		46,346,810	
BPX (EFS) Gathering		38,285,900	
Circle 8 Cranes		38,274,240	
All Other WI & RI		1,435,608,660	
Total of Mineral/Industrial		3,642,348,089	

Total Mineral Values = \$ 3,642,348,089



- Burlington/ConocoPhillips
- Ensign Operting LLC
- Enterprise Texas Pipeline
- Kinder Morgan Crude LLC
- BPX (EFS) Gathering
- All Other WI &RI

- Devon Energy Production Co. LP
- Verdun Oil & Gas, LLC
- EFS Midstream, LLC
- EOG Resources
- Circle 8 Crane Service

TREND: MORE HOMESTEADS QUALIFYING FOR A TAX FREEZE *Constitutionally authorized tax freezes are not means-tested

